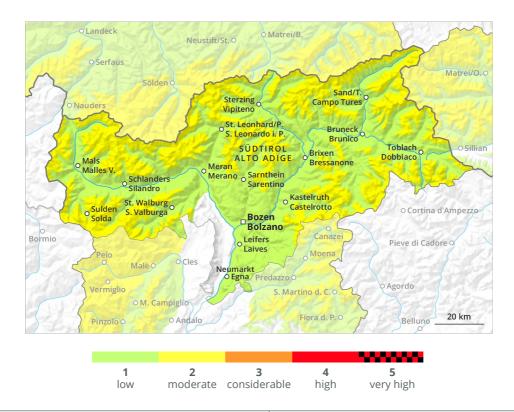
Published 04 12 2018, 17:00





| Danger<br>level      | Characteristics   | Recommendations for backcountry recreationists   |
|----------------------|---|--|
| <b>5</b> very high   | <b>Disaster situation</b> Numerous large and very large natural avalanches can be expected. These can reach roads and settlements in the valley.  | You are advised not to engage in winter sports beyond open ski runs and trails.  |
| <b>4</b><br>high     | Very critical avalanche situation  Natural and often large avalanches are likely. Avalanches can easily be triggered on many steep slopes. Remote triggering is typical. Whumpf sounds and shooting cracks occur frequently.  | Stay on moderately steep terrain. Heed runout zones of large avalanches. Unexperienced persons should remain on open ski runs and trails.  Around 10 % of avalanche fatalities.  |
| 3 considerable       | Critical avalanche situation  Whumpf sounds and shooting cracks are typical. Avalanches can easily be triggered, particularly on steep slopes with the aspect and elevation indicated in the avalanche bulletin.  Natural avalanches and remote triggering can occur. | The most critical situation for backcountry recreationists. Select best possible route and take action to reduce risks. Avoid very steep slopes with the aspect and elevation indicated in the avalanche bulletin.  Unexperienced persons are advised to remain on open ski runs and trails.  Around 50 % of avalanche fatalities. |
| <b>2</b><br>moderate | Mostly favourable avalanche situation  Warning signs can occur in isolated cases. Avalanches can be triggered in particular on very steep slopes with the aspect and elevation indicated in the avalanche bulletin. Large natural avalanches are unlikely.            | Routes should be selected carefully, especially on slopes with the aspect and elevation indicated in the avalanche bulletin. Travel very steep slopes one person at a time. Pay attention to unfavourable snowpack structure (persistent weak layers, old snow problem).  Around 30 % of avalanche fatalities.                     |
| 1<br>low             | Generally favourable avalanche situation  No warning signs present. Avalanches can only be triggered in isolated cases, in particular on extremely steep slopes.  | Travel extremely steep slopes one person at a time and be alert to the danger of falling.  Around 5 % of avalanche fatalities.   |



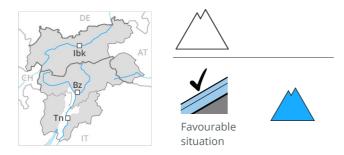
## Avalanche Forecast

# Wednesday 05 12 2018

Published 04 12 2018, 17:00



## **No Rating**



Below approximately 1500 m only a little snow is lying.

Little snow has fallen in some localities.

# Snowpack

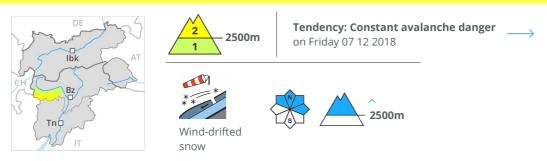
Etschtal excluding



Published 04 12 2018, 17:00



#### **Danger Level 2 - Moderate**



#### Wind slabs are to be evaluated with care and prudence.

The sometimes avalanche-prone wind slabs are lying on soft layers. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in northwest to north to southeast facing aspects above approximately 2500 m and at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack. Winter sport participants can release avalanches in isolated cases, including medium-sized ones. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls. The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

#### Snowpack

**Danger patterns** 

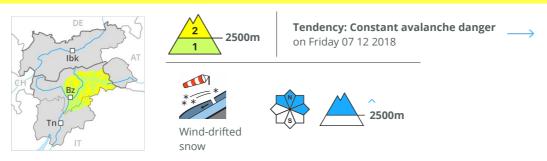
dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind

The fresh snow and wind slabs are lying on top of a quite favourable old snowpack.

Published 04 12 2018, 17:00



#### **Danger Level 2 - Moderate**



#### Fresh wind slabs require caution.

The fresh wind slabs are lying on unfavourable layers. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in northwest to north to southeast facing aspects above approximately 2500 m and at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack. Winter sport participants can release avalanches in isolated cases, including medium-sized ones. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls. The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

#### Snowpack

Fresh and older wind slabs are in many cases small and can only be released by large loads in most cases. The old snowpack will be quite well bonded.

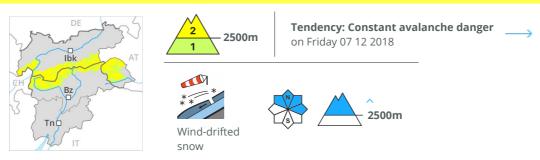
## Tendency

The conditions are favourable over a wide area.

Published 04 12 2018, 17:00



### **Danger Level 2 - Moderate**



#### Wind slabs are to be evaluated with care and prudence.

The sometimes avalanche-prone wind slabs are lying on soft layers. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in northwest to north to southeast facing aspects above approximately 2500 m and at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack. Winter sport participants can release avalanches in isolated cases, including medium-sized ones. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls. The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

#### Snowpack

**Danger patterns** 

( dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind

In particular in the northwest up to 10 cm of snow. fell above approximately 1600 m. The fresh snow and wind slabs are lying on top of a quite favourable old snowpack.

