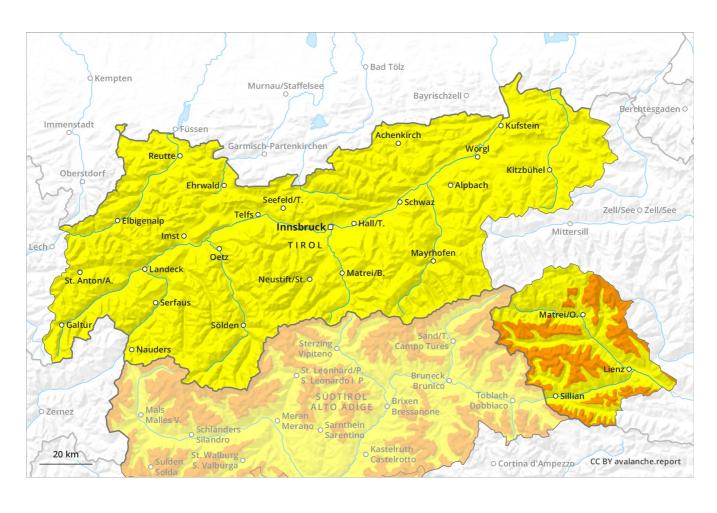
Published 06 02 2019, 17:00



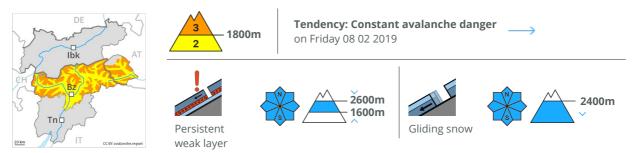




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Danger Level 3 - Considerable



Avalanches can be triggered in the old snowpack and reach large size. Caution is to be exercised in areas with glide cracks.

The fresh snow and wind slabs of last week remain prone to triggering. Dry avalanches can in many places be released by small loads. This applies in all aspects. Also slopes adjacent to ridgelines are especially dangerous. Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for extensive experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and careful route selection. In highly frequented off-piste terrain and on popular backcountry touring routes the avalanche situation is a little more favourable. In addition a latent danger of gliding avalanches exists, in particular below approximately 2400 m on steep grassy slopes, especially in the regions with a lot of snow. Gliding avalanches can be released at any time of day or night.

Snowpack

Danger patterns (c

dp 1: deep persistent weak layer

dp 2: gliding snow

The fresh snow and wind slabs of last week are lying on top of a weakly bonded old snowpack in all aspects. Faceted weak layers exist in the old snowpack in particular between approximately 1600 and 2600 m. Whumpfing sounds and the formation of shooting cracks when stepping on the snowpack are a clear indication of a weakly bonded snowpack.

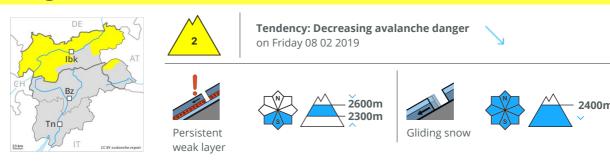
Tendency

Hardly any decrease in avalanche danger.

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Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Weak layers in the upper part of the snowpack necessitate caution. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided.

Weak layers in the upper part of the snowpack can be released in particular on extremely steep southwest, south and southeast facing slopes, in particular between approximately 2300 and 2600 m, this applies in particular in case of a large load. These places are barely recognisable, even to the trained eye. In highly frequented off-piste terrain and on popular backcountry touring routes the avalanche situation is more favourable. In addition the extensive wind slabs of last week are capable of being triggered in isolated cases still, especially adjacent to ridgelines at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions on very steep shady slopes. A latent danger of gliding avalanches exists, in particular below approximately 2400 m on steep grassy slopes. Gliding avalanches can be released at any time of day or night.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 4: cold following warm / warm following cold

dp 2: gliding snow

As a consequence of fresh snow and a sometimes strong wind, extensive wind slabs formed in the last few days in all aspects. They have bonded quite well with the old snowpack. Isolated avalanche prone weak layers exist in the top section of the old snowpack. This applies in particular on extremely steep southwest, south and southeast facing slopes between approximately 2300 and 2600 m. No distinct weak layers exist in the bottom section of the old snowpack. Some snow will fall in the evening. The wind will be light to moderate.

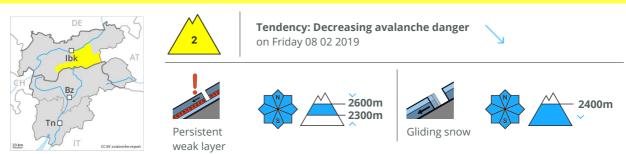
Tendency

Slight decrease in danger.

Published 06 02 2019, 17:00



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Isolated avalanche prone weak layers exist in the old snowpack. Caution is to be exercised in areas with glide cracks.

Avalanches can be released, mostly by large loads and reach medium size. The avalanche prone locations for dry avalanches are to be found especially on steep, little used slopes between approximately 2300 and 2600 m. This applies in all aspects. These places are barely recognisable, even to the trained eye. Areas where the snow cover is rather shallow are unfavourable. In addition the extensive wind slabs of last week are capable of being triggered in isolated cases still, especially adjacent to ridgelines at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions on very steep shady slopes. Snow sport activities outside marked and open pistes call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger. A latent danger of gliding avalanches exists, in particular below approximately 2400 m on steep grassy slopes. Gliding avalanches can be released at any time of day or night.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

(dp 4: cold following warm / warm following cold)

dp 2: gliding snow

As a consequence of fresh snow and a sometimes strong wind, extensive wind slabs formed in all aspects. These have bonded quite well with the old snowpack. Avalanche prone weak layers exist in the top section of the old snowpack. This applies in particular on extremely steep southwest, south and southeast facing slopes between approximately 2300 and 2600 m. Isolated avalanche prone weak layers exist in the bottom section of the old snowpack in particular on steep shady slopes. This also applies between approximately 2300 and 2600 m. Some snow will fall in the evening over a wide area. The wind will be light to moderate.

Tendency

Slight decrease in avalanche danger.