

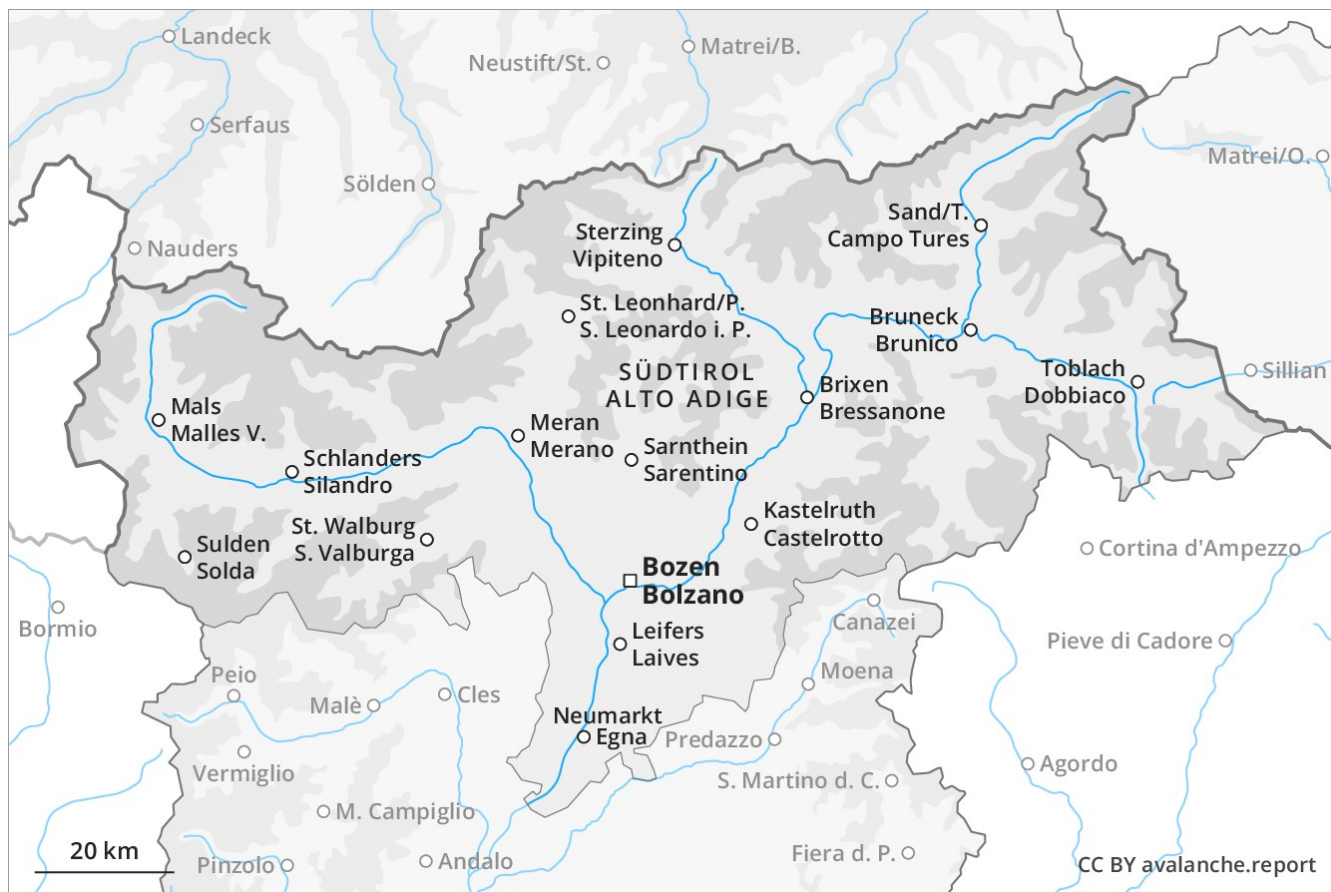
Avalanche Forecast

Wednesday 06 03 2019

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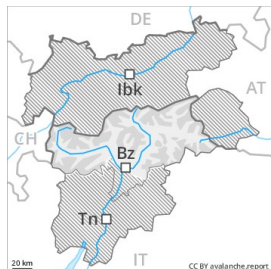


Avalanche.report





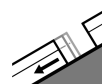
Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Thursday 07 03 2019



Wind-drifted
snow



Gliding snow



Fresh wind slabs require caution.

The fresh wind slabs can in some places be released easily. These avalanche prone locations are clearly recognisable to the trained eye. Individual small and medium-sized natural avalanches are possible. Dry avalanches can in isolated cases be released in the old snowpack by large loads. This applies especially at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack especially above approximately 2000 m. The avalanche prone locations are rather rare but are difficult to recognise. Mostly avalanches are medium-sized. Wet and gliding snow require caution. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided as far as possible. As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of moist snow slides and avalanches being released will increase gradually on steep sunny slopes below approximately 2500 m.

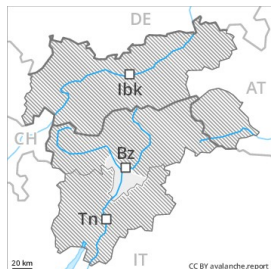
Snowpack

From late morning the weather will be sunny. The wind will be strong. In particular adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls as well as in high Alpine regions sometimes easily released wind slabs formed. Faceted weak layers exist deeper in the old snowpack especially in shady places that are protected from the wind.

Tendency

Above approximately 1500 m snow will fall over a wide area. The fresh snow and wind slabs of Thursday will be deposited on the quite favourable surface of an old snowpack.

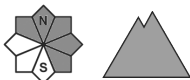
Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Thursday 07 03 2019



Wind-drifted
snow



Fresh wind slabs require caution.

The wind slabs represent the main danger. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on northwest to north to southeast facing aspects above the tree line. Fresh wind slabs are mostly rather small but in some cases prone to triggering. Even a small avalanche can sweep snow sport participants along and give rise to falls. As a consequence of the solar radiation, the likelihood of moist and wet avalanches being released will increase a little on steep south and west facing slopes below approximately 2500 m.

Snowpack

In particular adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls as well as at high altitude mostly small wind slabs formed. The old snowpack will be generally subject to considerable local variations. On south facing slopes thus far only a little snow is lying at low and intermediate altitudes.

Tendency

Above approximately 1500 m snow will fall over a wide area. Gradual increase in avalanche danger as a consequence of fresh snow and stormy weather.