

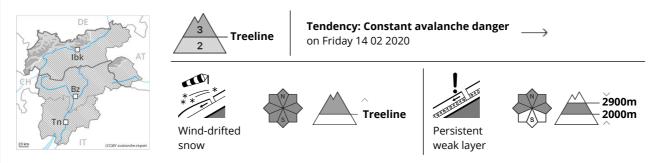


Thursday 13 02 2020

Published 12 02 2020, 17:06



Danger Level 3 - Considerable



The fresh snow and wind slabs of the last few days can be released by a single winter sport participant in all aspects above the tree line.

As a consequence of fresh snow and a strong to storm force wind, extensive wind slabs formed in the last few days in all aspects, caution is to be exercised in particular on very steep shady slopes as well as adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls especially above the tree line. The wind slabs can be released even by a single winter sport participant.

Weakly bonded old snow requires caution. These avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep west, north and east facing slopes between approximately 2300 and 2900 m. Caution is to be exercised in particular at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack in little used backcountry terrain. Avalanches can be released, in particular by large loads and reach large size in isolated cases. Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found also between approximately 2000 and 2300 m, in particular on very steep shady slopes. The avalanches in these loacations are rather small and can be released by large loads.

Some small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized loose snow avalanches are possible as a consequence of solar radiation.

In addition a certain danger of gliding avalanches exists. This applies on steep grassy slopes below approximately 2500 m.

Snowpack

Danger patterns dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind dp 4: cold following warm / warm following cold

Over a wide area 20 to 50 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen in the last three days above approximately 1800 m. The sometimes storm force wind has transported the fresh snow significantly. In some cases the various wind slabs have bonded still only poorly with each other and the old snowpack. This applies in particular above the tree line. Faceted weak layers exist in the old snowpack, in particular between approximately 2300 and 2900 m, especially in little used backcountry terrain, also between approximately 2000 and 2300 m on northwest, north and northeast facing slopes. The snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations.

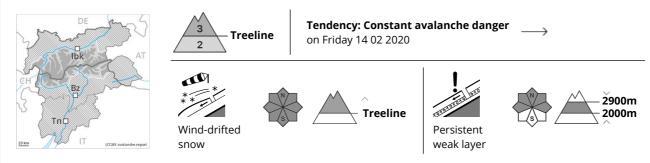
Tendency

Gradual decrease in avalanche danger.





Danger Level 3 - Considerable



The fresh snow and wind slabs of the last few days can be released by a single winter sport participant in all aspects above the tree line.

As a consequence of fresh snow and a strong to storm force wind, extensive wind slabs formed in the last few days in all aspects, caution is to be exercised in particular on very steep shady slopes as well as adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls especially above the tree line. The wind slabs can be released even by a single winter sport participant.

Weakly bonded old snow requires caution. These avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep west, north and east facing slopes between approximately 2300 and 2900 m. Caution is to be exercised in particular at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack in little used backcountry terrain. Avalanches can be released, in particular by large loads and reach large size in isolated cases. Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found also between approximately 2000 and 2300 m, in particular on very steep shady slopes. The avalanches in these loacations are rather small and can be released by large loads.

Some small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized loose snow avalanches are possible as a consequence of solar radiation.

In addition a certain danger of gliding avalanches exists. This applies on steep grassy slopes below approximately 2500 m.

Snowpack

Danger patterns dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind dp 4: cold following warm / warm following cold

Over a wide area 10 to 30 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen in the last three days above approximately 1800 m. The sometimes storm force wind has transported the fresh snow significantly. In some cases the various wind slabs have bonded still only poorly with each other and the old snowpack. This applies in particular above the tree line. Faceted weak layers exist in the old snowpack, in particular between approximately 2300 and 2900 m, especially in little used backcountry terrain, also between approximately 2000 and 2300 m on northwest, north and northeast facing slopes. The snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations.

Tendency

Gradual decrease in avalanche danger.

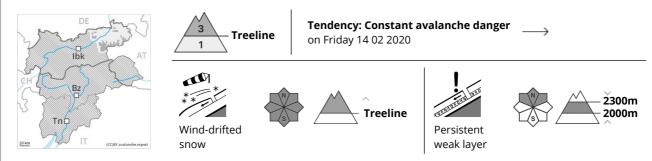


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Danger Level 3 - Considerable



Fresh wind slabs represent the main danger.

As a consequence of fresh snow and a strong to storm force wind, extensive wind slabs formed in the last few days in all aspects, caution is to be exercised in particular on shady slopes as well as adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls especially above the tree line. The wind slabs can be released even by a single winter sport participant.

Weakly bonded old snow requires caution. Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular between approximately 2000 and 2300 m, in particular on very steep shady slopes on wind-loaded slopes. The avalanches are rather small and can be released by large loads. In addition a low (level 1) danger of gliding avalanches exists.

Snowpack

Danger patterns dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind dp 4: cold following warm / warm following cold

Over a wide area 20 to 40 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen in the last few days above approximately 1800 m. The wind has transported a lot of snow. The fresh wind slabs are bonding poorly with the old snowpack in particular on shady slopes. This applies at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions.

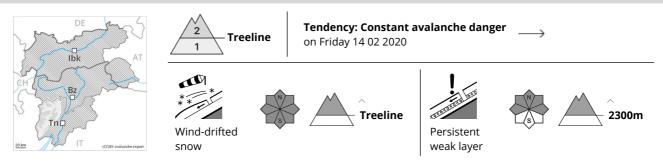
Faceted weak layers exist in the old snowpack in particular on shady slopes. This applies between approximately 2000 and 2300 m. The snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations.

Tendency

Gradual decrease in avalanche danger.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Caution is to be exercised on wind-loaded slopes.

Fresh wind slabs represent the main danger. As a consequence of a moderate to strong northwesterly wind, sometimes easily released wind slabs formed in all aspects. The more recent wind slabs are clearly recognisable, in particular adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. In particular in gullies and bowls the wind slabs have increased in size moderately since Monday.

Weakly bonded old snow: Individual avalanche prone locations for dry avalanches are to be found in particular on steep north facing slopes above approximately 2300 m. Caution is to be exercised in particular at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack in little used backcountry terrain. Avalanches can be released by large loads and reach medium size.

In steep terrain there is a danger of falling on the hard snow surface.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind

The fresh wind slabs remain very prone to triggering in all aspects above the tree line.

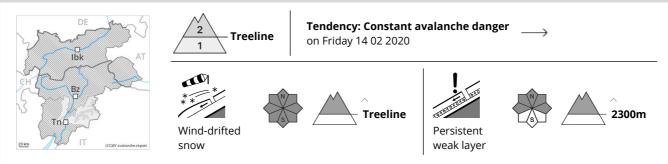
Faceted weak layers exist in the old snowpack in particular on west, north and east facing slopes. This applies in particular above approximately 2300 m, especially in little used backcountry terrain.

Tendency

The avalanche danger will persist. Fresh wind slabs are to be evaluated with care and prudence.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Fresh wind slabs require caution.

Fresh wind slabs require caution. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep shady slopes above approximately 1800 m, and adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls in all aspects. These places are clearly recognisable to the trained eye. In isolated cases the dry avalanches are medium-sized but in some cases easily released. Isolated avalanche prone weak layers exist in the snowpack especially on steep shady slopes. There is a danger of falling on the icy crust.

Snowpack

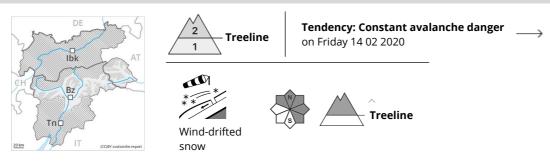
The more recent wind slabs are in some cases prone to triggering above the tree line. These are mostly small. The older wind slabs have bonded well with the old snowpack. The snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations.

Tendency

The avalanche danger will persist. Fresh wind slabs require caution.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Fresh wind slabs represent the main danger.

Fresh wind slabs are to be evaluated with care and prudence. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep northeast, north and southeast facing slopes above the tree line, especially adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls. These places are clearly recognisable to the trained eye. Mostly the avalanches are small.

Individual avalanche prone locations for dry avalanches are to be found also on extremely steep shady slopes at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. This applies in areas where the snow cover is rather shallow. Avalanches can be released, mostly by large loads in isolated cases and reach medium size. In steep terrain there is a danger of falling on the hard snow surface.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 6: cold, loose snow and wind

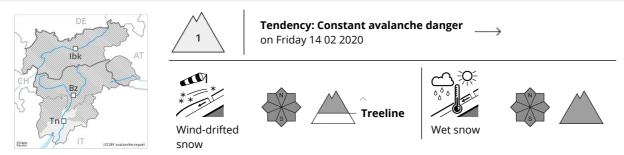
The strong wind has transported some snow. The fresh wind slabs are in some cases prone to triggering in particular on very steep shady slopes above the tree line. These are mostly small. In very isolated cases relatively hard layers of snow are lying on old snow containing large grains. This applies especially on shady slopes at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. The snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations.

Tendency

Fresh wind slabs are to be evaluated with care and prudence.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Fresh wind slabs require caution.

In steep terrain there is a danger of falling on the hard snow surface. Fresh wind slabs require caution. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep shady slopes above approximately 1800 m and adjacent to ridgelines. These places are rare and are clearly recognisable to the trained eye. As a consequence of warming and solar radiation a low danger of moist avalanches will persist in some regions. The avalanches are rather small.

Snowpack

The fresh wind slabs are poorly bonded with the old snowpack in particular on very steep shady slopes above the tree line.

Tendency

The avalanche danger will persist. Fresh wind slabs require caution.