### Monday 06 04 2020

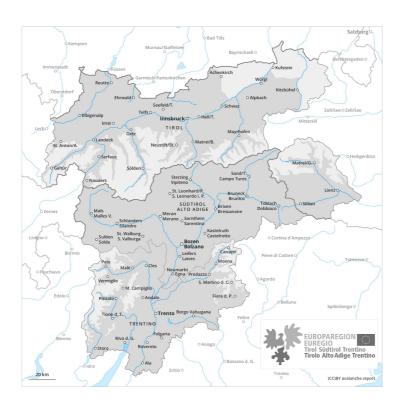
Published 05 04 2020, 17:00



#### **AM**



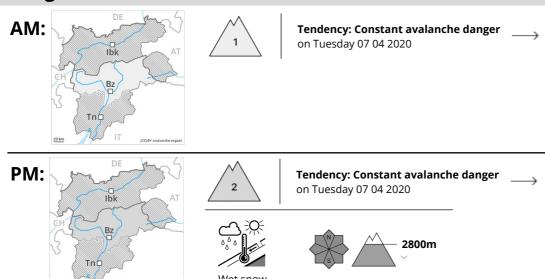
#### PM







#### **Danger Level 2 - Moderate**



#### Natural wet avalanches as the day progresses.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field.

Caution is to be exercised on very steep shady slopes as well as adjacent to ridgelines and in pass areas at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions.

As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of moist and wet avalanches being released will increase gradually. As the day progresses small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized moist and wet avalanches are possible below approximately 2800 m. From origins in starting zones where no previous releases have taken place moist and wet avalanches are possible, even quite large ones. Exposed parts of transportation routes can be endangered occasionally in the regions with a lot of snow.

#### Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp 10: springtime scenario

Isolated avalanche prone weak layers exist in the old snowpack especially on very steep shady slopes. Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be good. The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust and will soften during the day. The weather will be mild. As the penetration by moisture increases the prevalence and size of the avalanche prone locations will increase on Monday.

#### Tendency

Increase in danger of wet and gliding avalanches as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.



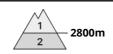
#### **Danger Level 2 - Moderate**





**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** on Tuesday 07 04 2020





**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** on Tuesday 07 04 2020









## Slight increase in avalanche danger as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field.

The avalanche conditions in the morning are favourable.

Midday and afternoon: Slight increase in avalanche danger as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation. Gliding avalanches and wet snow slides are the main danger. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep sunny slopes below approximately 2800 m. These places are rather rare and are easy to recognise.

In addition a low (level 1) danger of dry slab avalanches exists. This applies in particular on extremely steep shady slopes above approximately 2400 m. The avalanches are rather small and can be released by large loads.

#### Snowpack

**Danger patterns** 

dp 2: gliding snow

dp 10: springtime scenario

The surface of the snowpack has frozen to form a strong crust and will soften during the day. This applies in particular on sunny slopes.

The somewhat older wind slabs are lying on weak layers in particular on shady slopes at high altitude. Such avalanche prone locations are rare.

The old snowpack will be in most cases stable. At intermediate altitudes hardly any snow is lying. At low altitude no snow is lying.

#### **Tendency**

Slight increase in danger of gliding avalanches and snow slides as a consequence of warming during the

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day and solar radiation.



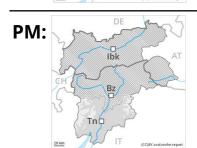


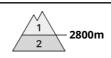
#### **Danger Level 2 - Moderate**





Tendency: Constant avalanche danger on Tuesday 07 04 2020















#### Natural wet avalanches as the day progresses.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field.

Caution is to be exercised on very steep shady slopes as well as adjacent to ridgelines and in pass areas at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions.

As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of moist and wet avalanches being released will increase gradually. As the day progresses small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized moist and wet avalanches are possible below approximately 2800 m. From origins in starting zones where no previous releases have taken place moist and wet avalanches are possible, even quite large ones.

Exposed parts of transportation routes can be endangered occasionally in the regions with a lot of snow.

#### Snowpack

**Danger patterns** 

dp 10: springtime scenario

dp 2: gliding snow

Isolated avalanche prone weak layers exist in the old snowpack especially on very steep shady slopes. Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be good. The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust and will soften during the day. The weather will be mild. As the penetration by moisture increases the prevalence and size of the avalanche prone locations will increase on Monday.

#### **Tendency**

Increase in danger of wet and gliding avalanches as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.

Published 05 04 2020, 17:00



#### **Danger Level 1 - Low**





Tendency: Constant avalanche danger on Tuesday 07 04 2020

Slight increase in avalanche danger as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field. The avalanche conditions are mostly favourable.

Midday and afternoon: Slight increase in avalanche danger as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation. Moist snow slides are the main danger. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on extremely steep sunny slopes at high altitude.

#### Snowpack

The surface of the snowpack has frozen to form a strong crust and will soften during the day. This applies in particular on sunny slopes.

The old snowpack will be in most cases stable. At intermediate altitudes hardly any snow is lying. At low altitude no snow is lying.

#### **Tendency**

Slight increase in danger of moist snow slides as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.