

| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| low | moderate | considerable | high | very high |

## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



## Weak layers in the old snowpack necessitate caution.

Avalanches can be released in the weakly bonded old snow in isolated cases. Caution is to be exercised at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack. Mostly avalanches are rather small.
In addition the sometimes avalanche prone wind slabs should be taken into account. They are to be avoided in particular on shady slopes and generally at elevated altitudes.

## Snowpack

Danger patterns dp.7: snow-poor zones in snow-rich surrounding dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind
Towards its base, the snowpack consists of faceted crystals, especially on shady slopes.
In some cases the various wind slabs have bonded still only poorly with the old snowpack. As a consequence of mild temperatures and solar radiation the snow drift accumulations stabilised during the last few days. Only a small amount of snow is lying for the time of year.

## Tendency

The avalanche danger will persist.

## Danger Level 1 - Low



## Tendency: Constant avalanche danger <br> $\qquad$

 on Saturday 12022022
## A favourable avalanche situation will be encountered over a wide area.

Wind slabs have bonded well with the old snowpack. Very isolated avalanche prone locations are to be found on very steep shady slopes at elevated altitudes. Such avalanche prone locations are clearly recognisable to the trained eye. In steep terrain there is a danger of falling on the hard snow surface.

## Snowpack

The snowpack is largely stable. The small wind slabs are lying on soft layers in particular on shady slopes. Only a small amount of snow is lying for the time of year.

## Tendency

A favourable avalanche situation will prevail.

