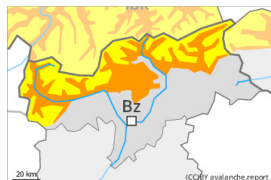


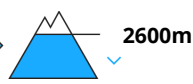
## Danger Level 3 - Considerable



**Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger**  
on Sunday 30 04 2023



Wet snow



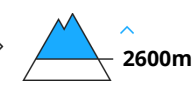
Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **large**



Persistent  
weak layer



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **large**

Considerable danger of wet avalanches will prevail. Weakly bonded old snow is to be evaluated with care and prudence.

As a consequence of warming more frequent wet avalanches are to be expected from the early morning. This applies in all aspects below approximately 2600 m. Wet avalanches can also release deeper layers of the snowpack and reach large size in isolated cases, especially on steep north facing slopes at high altitude. The runout zones of large avalanches are to be treated with caution.

In some places avalanches can be triggered in the weakly bonded old snow, in particular on very steep shady slopes above approximately 2600 m. Dry avalanches can in isolated cases penetrate deep layers and reach large size. As a consequence of warming, the likelihood of dry avalanches being released will increase.

In addition the fresh wind slabs should be taken into account. Caution is to be exercised in particular adjacent to ridgelines at elevated altitudes.

### Snowpack

#### Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.4: cold following warm / warm following cold

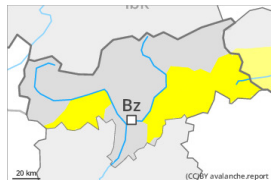
The rain gave rise on Friday to increasing and thorough wetting of the snowpack over a wide area. Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be severely restricted. The surface of the snowpack will freeze very little and will soften quickly. The high temperatures will give rise to a loss of strength within the snowpack.

Avalanche prone weak layers exist in the top section of the snowpack in particular on steep shady slopes. The fresh wind slabs are in some cases prone to triggering at elevated altitudes.

### Tendency

Slight decrease in danger of wet avalanches.

## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
on Sunday 30 04 2023



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**

Moderate danger of wet avalanches will be encountered over a wide area.

As a consequence of warming more frequent wet avalanches are to be expected from the early morning, even medium-sized ones. The avalanche prone locations are to be found on steep slopes of all aspects. Wet avalanches can also release deeper layers of the snowpack, especially on steep north facing slopes at high altitude. The runout zones of avalanches are to be treated with caution.

### Snowpack

#### Danger patterns

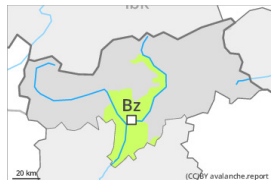
dp.10: springtime scenario

The rain gave rise on Friday to increasing and thorough wetting of the snowpack over a wide area. Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be reduced. The surface of the snowpack will freeze very little and will soften quickly. The high temperatures will give rise to a loss of strength within the snowpack.

### Tendency

Moderate danger of wet avalanches will be encountered over a wide area.

## Danger Level 1 - Low



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
on Sunday 30 04 2023



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

### Wet snow represents the main danger.

As a consequence of warming wet avalanches are possible from the early morning, but they will be mostly small. The avalanche prone locations are to be found on steep slopes of all aspects.

Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

### Snowpack

#### Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

The rain gave rise on Friday to increasing and thorough wetting of the snowpack over a wide area. Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be reduced. The surface of the snowpack will freeze very little and will soften quickly. The high temperatures will give rise to a loss of strength within the snowpack. At low and intermediate altitudes hardly any snow is lying.

### Tendency

Gradual decrease in danger of wet avalanches as the temperature drops.