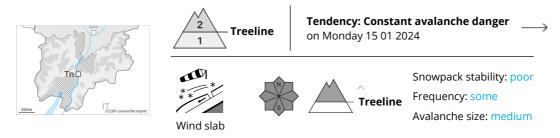








Danger Level 2 - Moderate



The wind slabs of last week are clearly recognisable. These represent the main danger.

The fresh wind slabs can be released by a single winter sport participant above the tree line. The fresh wind slabs are clearly recognisable. They are to be avoided as far as possible. Caution is to be exercised in all aspects in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. The number and size of avalanche prone locations will increase with altitude.

In addition further very occasional gliding avalanches are possible, in particular on steep east, south and west facing slopes below approximately 2600 m. In isolated cases the gliding avalanches are quite large, in particular in the regions with a lot of snow. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided.

Snowpack

 Danger patterns
 dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind
 dp.2: gliding snow

The fresh wind slabs are lying on surface hoar in some places. The somewhat older wind slabs are lying on soft layers. They are unlikely to be released now.

Towards its base, the snowpack is largely stable. Snow depths vary greatly above the tree line, depending on the infuence of the wind. The snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations.

Tendency

The large surface-area wind slabs remain in some cases prone to triggering.



Danger Level 1 - Low





Tendency: Constant avalanche danger on Monday 15 01 2024

 \longrightarrow





Snowpack stability: poor Frequency: few Avalanche size: small

Wind slabs require caution.

The wind slabs can be released in isolated cases, especially at their margins. Caution is to be exercised in particular adjacent to ridgelines in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. Mostly avalanches are small.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

(dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind)

The wind slabs are lying on soft layers. The old snowpack will be quite stable.

Tendency

Wind slabs require caution.