



## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



**Tendency: Increasing avalanche danger**

on Thursday 25 01 2024



Wind slab

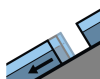


2200m

Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**



Gliding snow



2600m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **large**

Wind slabs represent the main danger. Gliding avalanches and loose snow slides are possible.

The fresh wind slabs can be released easily in some cases above approximately 2200 m. Avalanche prone locations are to be found in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. The prevalence of avalanche prone locations and likelihood of triggering will increase with altitude. In the regions exposed to heavier precipitation the danger is higher. Avalanches can reach medium size.

Gliding avalanches are possible, even large ones in isolated cases, in particular on steep east, south and west facing slopes below approximately 2600 m. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided.

Afternoon:

On extremely steep slopes small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized wet loose snow avalanches are possible as a consequence of the rain.

## Snowpack

**Danger patterns**

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.2: gliding snow

15 to 25 cm of snow has fallen since Monday, in particular in the Lechtal Alps and in the Allgäu Alps.

Wednesday: Some snow will fall. Up to high altitudes rain will fall.

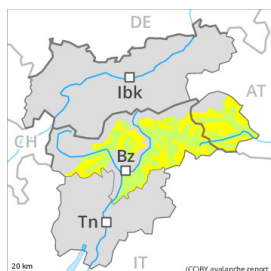
The storm force wind will transport the fresh and old snow significantly. The fresh wind slabs are in some cases prone to triggering. Towards its base, the snowpack is largely stable. In particular above the tree line snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. The weather conditions will give rise to significant moistening of the snowpack especially at low and intermediate altitudes.

## Tendency

Thursday: 10 to 15 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, will fall. As a consequence of the strong wind, fresh snow drift accumulations will form.



## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →

on Thursday 25 01 2024



Wind slab



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **small**

### Wind slabs are mostly small but in some cases prone to triggering.

More recent wind slabs can still be released in some cases in particular on northwest to north to east facing aspects above approximately 2400 m. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular adjacent to ridgelines and in pass areas and in gullies and bowls. At elevated altitudes the likelihood of avalanches being released is greater. The wind slabs are clearly recognisable to the trained eye. Mostly avalanches are only small. Even a small avalanche can sweep winter sport participants along and give rise to falls.

### Snowpack

#### Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

The fresh wind slabs are in some cases still prone to triggering at elevated altitudes.

Towards its base, the snowpack consists of faceted crystals. The snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations above the tree line.

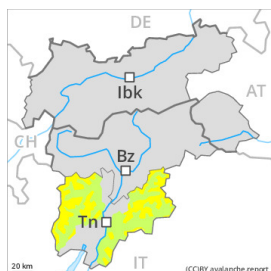
Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to significant moistening of the snowpack at low and intermediate altitudes, this also applies on steep sunny slopes.

### Tendency

As a consequence of mild temperatures the snow drift accumulations stabilised on Wednesday. These conditions will bring about a decrease in the danger of dry avalanches.



## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Treeline

**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →

on Thursday 25 01 2024



Wind slab



Treeline

Snowpack stability: **poor**Frequency: **some**Avalanche size: **medium**

The wind slabs represent the main danger.

The wind slabs of the last few days must be evaluated with care and prudence in all aspects above the tree line. These can be released even by a single winter sport participant.

The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls in all aspects.

## Snowpack

### Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

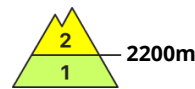
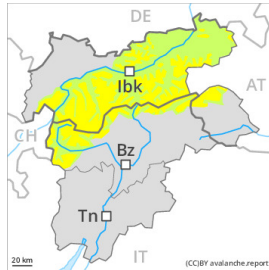
Little snow fell on Monday in some localities. More recent wind slabs are poorly bonded with the old snowpack above the tree line. Snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. Weak layers in the old snowpack necessitate caution and restraint.

## Tendency

As a consequence of mild temperatures and the strong to storm force northwesterly wind, fresh snow drift accumulations will form on Thursday.



## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



**Tendency: Increasing avalanche danger**  
on Thursday 25 01 2024



Wind slab

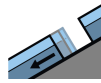


2200m

Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **small**



Gliding snow



2600m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**

### Wind slabs represent the main danger.

As a consequence of new snow and a sometimes storm force wind from northwesterly directions, mostly small wind slabs will form on north and east facing slopes. Avalanche prone locations are to be found in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain above approximately 2200 m. At elevated altitudes the avalanche prone locations are a little more prevalent and exist in all aspects. The avalanche prone locations are and are barely recognisable because of the poor visibility. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

More gliding avalanches are possible, even large ones in isolated cases, in particular on steep east, south and west facing slopes below approximately 2600 m, in particular in the regions with a lot of snow. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided.

On extremely steep slopes individual mostly small wet loose snow avalanches are possible as a consequence of warming.

### Snowpack

#### Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.2: gliding snow

North of the Inn 5 to 15 cm of snow has fallen since Monday. Less snow than expected has fallen in the other regions.

Up to 5 cm of snow will fall until the early morning. Up to high altitudes rain will fall.

The storm force wind will transport the fresh and old snow. The fresh wind slabs are in some cases prone to triggering. Towards its base, the snowpack is largely stable. Above the tree line snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. The weather conditions will give rise to significant moistening of the snowpack especially at low and intermediate altitudes.

### Tendency

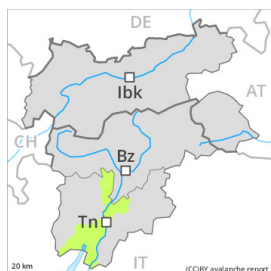
10 to 15 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, will fall. As a consequence of snowfall and the



strong northwesterly wind, fresh snow drift accumulations will form.



## Danger Level 1 - Low



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
on Thursday 25 01 2024



Wind slab



Treeline

Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

### Wind slabs represent the main danger.

The more recent wind slabs can be released by a single winter sport participant. Caution is to be exercised in particular adjacent to ridgelines in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. Mostly avalanches are small.

### Snowpack

#### Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

Wind slabs are poorly bonded with the old snowpack above the tree line.

### Tendency

As a consequence of mild temperatures and the strong to storm force northwesterly wind, fresh snow drift accumulations will form on Thursday.



## Danger Level 1 - Low



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
on Thursday 25 01 2024



Wind slab



Treeline

Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

### Wind slabs require caution.

The fresh and somewhat older wind slabs can be released in isolated cases, especially at their margins. Caution is to be exercised in particular adjacent to ridgelines in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. Mostly avalanches are small.

### Snowpack

#### Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

Wind slabs are lying on soft layers in particular on steep shady slopes. The old snowpack will be quite stable.

### Tendency

Wind slabs require caution.