



1	2	3	4	5
low	moderate	considerable	high	verv high







Significant increase in avalanche danger as a consequence of new snow and strong wind.

A very large quantity of fresh snow and the sometimes large wind slabs that are forming during the snowfall can be released easily or naturally in all aspects above the tree line. Individual large natural avalanches are to be expected, especially in case of releases originating from very steep high-altitude leeward starting zones. The avalanche prone locations are sometimes covered with new snow and are barely recognisable, even to the trained eye. Avalanches can also be triggered in the old snowpack and reach quite a large size in particular on very steep west, north and east facing slopes. Such avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular above approximately 2400 m.

On steep grassy slopes medium-sized gliding avalanches are possible as a consequence of the new snow, especially on sunny slopes below approximately 2400 m.

Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and restraint.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind)

nd) (dp.2: gliding snow)

Up to 50 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, will fall on Friday above approximately 1500 m. The strong wind will transport the new snow significantly.

Especially shady slopes above approximately 2400 m: The new snow and wind slabs are lying on soft layers.



Avalanche.report **Friday 23.02.2024** Published 22 02 2024, 17:00



The old snowpack remains subject to considerable local variations at high altitude. Within the snowpack, there are multiple melt-freeze crusts sandwiches with faceted layers in between, in particular on steep sunny slopes in all altitude zones, as well as on shady slopes below approximately 2600 m.

Tendency

With the end of the snowfall, the natural activity of slab avalanches will slowly decrease. More frequent loose snow avalanches are to be expected as the day progresses, in particular mediumsized ones, in the event of solar radiation especially on extremely steep sunny slopes. The activity of gliding avalanches will increase, in particular on steep east, south and west facing slopes below approximately 2400 m.





Danger Level 3 - Considerable



Significant increase in avalanche danger as a consequence of new snow and strong wind.

The large quantity of fresh snow and the sometimes large wind slabs that are forming during the snowfall can be released easily or naturally in all aspects above the tree line. Medium-sized natural avalanches are to be expected, especially in case of releases originating from very steep high-altitude leeward starting zones. The avalanche prone locations are sometimes covered with new snow and are barely recognisable, even to the trained eye. Avalanches can also be triggered in the old snowpack and reach quite a large size in particular on very steep west, north and east facing slopes. Such avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular above approximately 2400 m.

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Snowpack Danger patterns dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind dp.2: gliding snow Over a wide area 20 to 40 cm of snow will fall on Eriday above approximately 1500 m. The strong

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