



AM



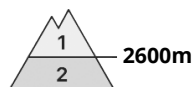
PM



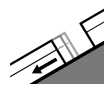


Danger Level 2 - Moderate

AM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 21 03 2024



Gliding snow



Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **large**

PM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 21 03 2024



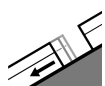
Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **small**



Gliding snow



Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **large**

Gliding snow requires caution. Gradual increase in danger of wet avalanches as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.

Early and late morning:

From origins in starting zones where no previous releases have taken place more gliding avalanches are possible, even large ones in isolated cases. This applies on steep grassy slopes below approximately 2600 m. Caution is to be exercised in areas with glide cracks.

Individual avalanche prone locations for dry avalanches are to be found on extremely steep shady slopes above approximately 2600 m, in particular adjacent to ridgelines. Restraint should be exercised because avalanches can sweep people along and give rise to falls.

Afternoon:

As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of wet avalanches being released will increase gradually in particular on very steep sunny slopes. Natural loose snow slides are possible. Especially on steep, rather lightly snow-covered west facing slopes individual medium-sized wet slab avalanches are possible below approximately 2400 m. Backcountry tours, off-piste skiing and ascents to alpine cabins should be concluded timely.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.2: gliding snow

dp.10: springtime scenario

A generally clear night. The weather will be very warm.

The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust and will soften during the day. This applies



on sunny slopes.

Below approximately 2200 m: The snowpack is wet all the way through.

Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise in the afternoon to a loss of strength within the snowpack especially on steep sunny slopes.

The weather conditions facilitated a substantial stabilisation of the snow drift accumulations on Tuesday. They are now only very rarely prone to triggering.

Tendency

Some new snow. Up to 2000 m and above rain will fall.

Gliding avalanches and wet avalanches are the main danger.

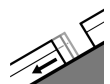


Danger Level 2 - Moderate

AM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 21 03 2024



Gliding snow



2600m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

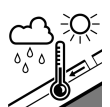
Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**

PM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 21 03 2024



Wet snow

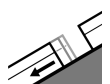


2600m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **small**



Gliding snow



2600m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**

Gradual increase in danger of wet avalanches as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.

A clear night will be followed in the early morning by quite favourable conditions.

Individual gliding avalanches are possible, even medium-sized ones. This applies on steep grassy slopes below approximately 2600 m. Caution is to be exercised in areas with glide cracks.

Afternoon:

As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of wet avalanches being released will increase gradually in particular on very steep sunny slopes. Natural loose snow slides are possible. Especially on steep, rather lightly snow-covered west facing slopes individual medium-sized wet slab avalanches are possible below approximately 2400 m. Backcountry tours, off-piste skiing and ascents to alpine cabins should be concluded timely.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.2: gliding snow

A generally clear night. The weather will be very warm.

The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust and will soften during the day. This applies on sunny slopes.

Below approximately 2200 m: The snowpack is wet all the way through.

Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise in the afternoon to a loss of strength within the snowpack especially on steep sunny slopes.



Tendency

Up to 2200 m and above rain will fall in some regions.

Gliding avalanches and wet avalanches are the main danger.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate

AM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 21 03 2024



Snowpack stability: **very poor**
 Frequency: **few**
 Avalanche size: **medium**

PM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
 on Thursday 21 03 2024



Snowpack stability: **poor**
 Frequency: **some**
 Avalanche size: **medium**



Snowpack stability: **very poor**
 Frequency: **few**
 Avalanche size: **medium**

Gradual increase in danger of wet avalanches as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.

A clear night will be followed in the early morning by quite favourable conditions. Individual avalanche prone locations for dry avalanches are to be found on extremely steep shady slopes above approximately 2600 m. Especially slopes adjacent to ridgelines are unfavourable. Restraint should be exercised because avalanches can sweep people along and give rise to falls.

Individual gliding avalanches can also occur. This applies on steep grassy slopes below approximately 2600 m. Caution is to be exercised in areas with glide cracks.

Afternoon:

As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of wet avalanches being released will increase gradually in particular on very steep sunny slopes. Natural loose snow slides are possible. Especially on steep, rather lightly snow-covered west facing slopes individual medium-sized wet slab avalanches are possible below approximately 2400 m. Backcountry tours, off-piste skiing and ascents to alpine cabins should be concluded timely.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.2: gliding snow

A generally clear night. The weather will be very warm.

The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust and will soften during the day. This applies on sunny slopes.



Below approximately 2200 m: The snowpack is wet all the way through.

Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise in the afternoon to a loss of strength within the snowpack especially on steep sunny slopes.

The weather conditions facilitated a substantial stabilisation of the snow drift accumulations on Tuesday. They are now only very rarely prone to triggering.

Tendency

Some snow will fall in particular in the north. Up to 2000 m and above rain will fall.

Gliding avalanches and wet avalanches are the main danger.