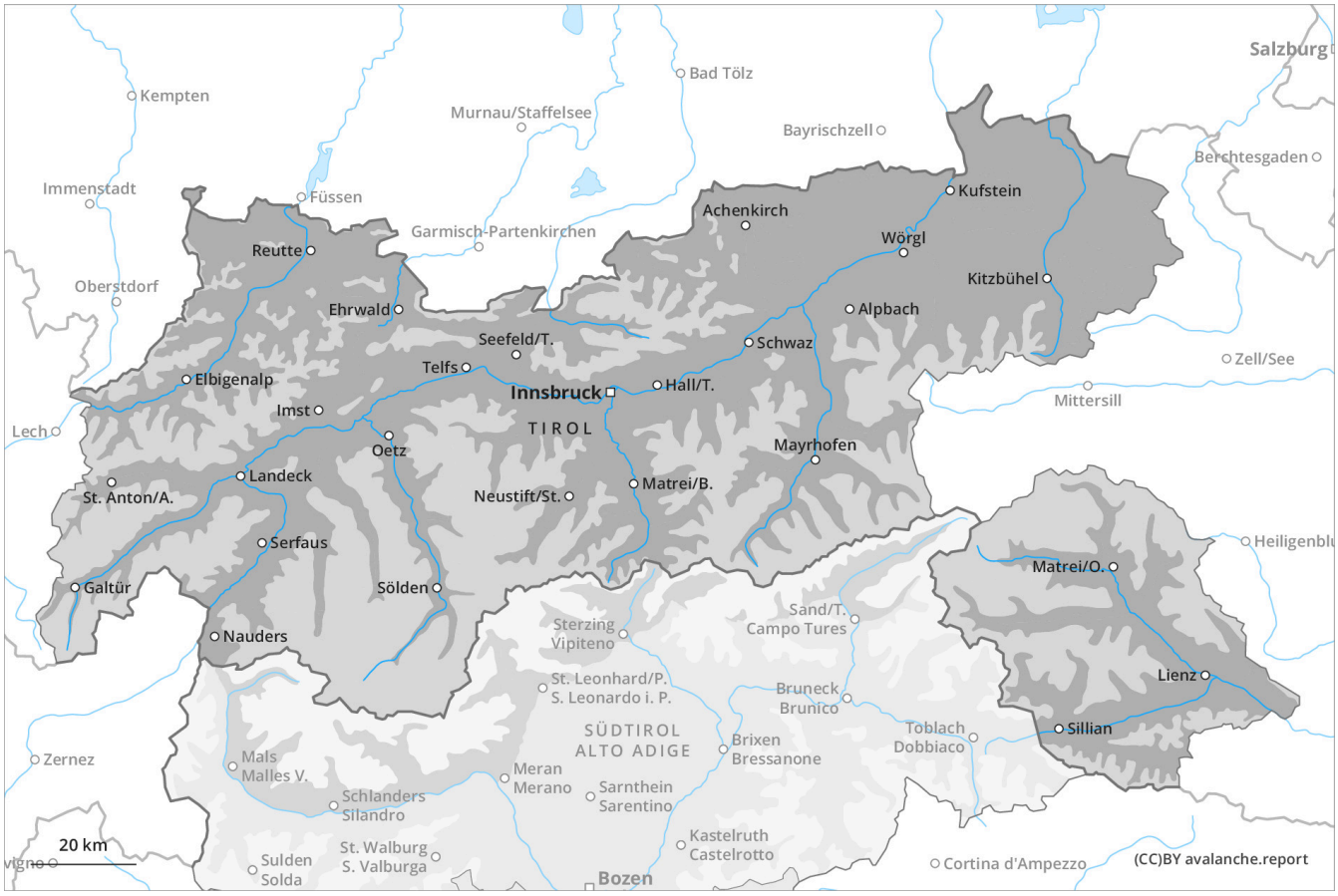
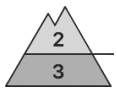


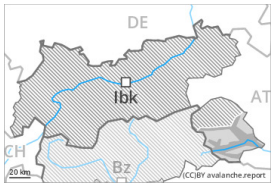
1	2	3	4	5
low	moderate	considerable	high	very high

Danger Level 3 - Considerable

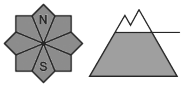


2400m

Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
on Saturday 23 03 2024

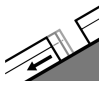


Wet snow

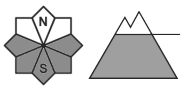


2400m

Snowpack stability: very poor
Frequency: some
Avalanche size: medium



Gliding snow



2600m

Snowpack stability: very poor
Frequency: few
Avalanche size: medium

As the penetration by moisture increases wet and gliding avalanches are possible.

In the early morning the likelihood of wet avalanches being released will increase quickly.
Natural loose snow slides are possible, in particular on extreme sunny slopes. Especially on very steep west, north and east facing slopes individual medium-sized wet slab avalanches are possible below approximately 2400 m.

On steep grassy slopes more gliding avalanches are possible, even quite large ones. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided.

Snowpack

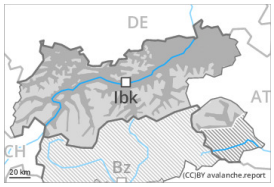
Danger patterns dp.10: springtime scenario | dp.2: gliding snow

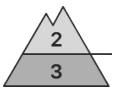
The snowpack will be moist below approximately 2400 m. The surface of the snowpack will cool hardly at all during the overcast night and will soften quickly. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to a loss of strength within the snowpack. This applies in particular on steep sunny slopes, as well as in all aspects below approximately 2400 m.

Tendency

The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust. Decrease in danger of wet avalanches.
Over a wide area 5 to 15 cm of snow will fall from midday. The wind will be strong. Mostly small wind slabs will form.

Danger Level 3 - Considerable

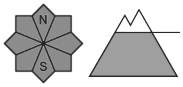




2400m

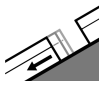
Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
on Saturday 23 03 2024

Wet snow

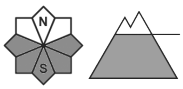


2400m

Snowpack stability: very poor
Frequency: some
Avalanche size: medium



Gliding snow



2600m

Snowpack stability: very poor
Frequency: few
Avalanche size: large

As the penetration by moisture increases wet and gliding avalanches are possible.

In the early morning the likelihood of wet avalanches being released will increase quickly.
As the moisture increases numerous loose snow avalanches are to be expected, even medium-sized ones, in the regions exposed to a lot of new snow especially on very steep sunny slopes.
On very steep west, north and east facing slopes individual medium-sized wet slab avalanches are possible below approximately 2400 m.
On steep grassy slopes more gliding avalanches are possible, even large ones in isolated cases. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided.

The fresh wind slabs can be released by a single winter sport participant in isolated cases in particular on very steep shady slopes above approximately 2600 m. Mostly avalanches are only small. In regions exposed to heavier precipitation such avalanche prone locations are a little more prevalent. The wind slabs are clearly recognisable to the trained eye.

Snowpack

Danger patterns dp.10: springtime scenario | dp.2: gliding snow

The snowpack will be moist below approximately 2400 m. The surface of the snowpack will cool hardly at all during the overcast night and will already be soft in the early morning. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to a loss of strength within the snowpack. This applies in particular on steep sunny slopes, as well as in all aspects below approximately 2400 m.

5 to 15 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen above approximately 2400 m. The wind was moderate to strong.
The fresh wind slabs have bonded quite well with the old snowpack. They are mostly small and can only be released in isolated cases.

Tendency

The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust. Decrease in danger of wet avalanches. Over a wide area 5 to 15 cm of snow will fall from midday. The wind will be strong. Mostly small wind slabs will form.